

## OVERVIEW

serealo's fiber optic SCBU NxM switches are bidirectional opto-mechanical switches based on coaxial design where a matrix of MEMS mirrors redirects light from N inputs to M outputs. The optical networks can be based on a strictly nonblocking matrix (from $4 \times 4$ up to $16 \times 16$ ports) or on a tree structure (up to $2 \times 540$ ports). The underlying MEMS technology results in low insertion loss and low crosstalk between channels while keeping a constant switching performance over life.
The miniature package withstands rugged environments and is well suited for direct mounting on printed circuit boards.
The underlying MEMS technology results in low insertion loss and low crosstalk between channels while keeping a constant switching performance over life. The hermetically sealed MEMS and the laser welded collimators guarantee broad temperature range and superior long term stability. The part is designed to conform to Telcordia 1221 reliability standards. No epoxy is present in the optical path.

## SCBU NxM FIBER OPTIC SWITCH

## non-blocking or tree architecture

## FEATURES

- Fast switching time
- Low insertion loss
- Up to $16 \times 16$ or $2 \times 540$ optical ports
- UART, I ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{SMBus}$ and USB interfaces
- Custom networks available on request
- RoHS compliant


## APPLICATIONS

- Optical network reconfiguration
- Optical network protection and restoration
- Instrumentation
- Test and measurement


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## ORDERING INFORMATION



## DESCRIPTION

sercalo's SCBU fiber optic switches are based on a strictly non-blocking bidirectional architecture. An additional status where the channels are disconnected is available. The switch is non latching: at power-off it breaks the optical connection and routing of ports is not defined. The component is bidirectional, i.e. the common port can be used as input or output of the light signal.

## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS for Single Mode fiber

|  | Unit | Min | Typ | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Optical Specifications |  |  |  |  |
| Wavelength range ${ }^{1}$ | nm | 1250 |  | 1670 |
| Insertion loss (matrix) ${ }^{2}$ | dB |  | 0.8 | 2.0 |
|  | dB |  | 1.6 | 3.0 |
| Insertion loss (tree) ${ }^{2}$ | dB |  | 0.4 | 1.0 |
|  | dB |  | 0.8 | 1.5 |
|  | dB |  | 1.0 | 2.0 |
|  | dB |  | 1.8 | 2.5 |
| Crosstalk | dB | 50 | 60 |  |
| Polarisation dependent loss | dB |  |  | 0.1 |
| Return loss | dB | 50 | 55 |  |
| Wavelength dep. loss (one band) | dB |  |  | 0.2 |
| Wavelength dep. loss (1250-1650 nm) | dB |  | 0.5 | 1.0 |
| Temperature dependent loss | dB |  |  | 0.2 |
| Maximum optical power level ${ }^{3}$ | mW |  |  | 500 |
| Switching time | ms |  | 5 | 10 |
| Cycle rate | Hz |  | 1 | 20 |
| Repeatability ${ }^{4}$ | dB |  |  | 0.01 |
| Durability | cycles | No wear out |  |  |
| Electrical Specifications |  |  |  |  |
| Supply voltage | V | 4.75 | 5 | 5.25 |
| Power consumption, normal mode | mW |  |  | 150 |
| Power consumption, standby | mW |  | 40 |  |
| UART speed | baud | 9600 |  | 115200 |
| SMBus/l²C bus speed | kbps |  |  | 400 |
| Logic level low | V |  | 0 | 0.6 |
| Logic level high | V | 2.4 | 5 |  |
| Reset inactive voltage ${ }^{5}$ | V | 2.4 | 5 |  |
| Reset active voltage | V |  | 0 | 0.9 |
| Reset pulse duration | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ | 15 |  |  |
| Package |  |  |  |  |
| Operation temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -10 |  | 70 |
| Storage temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -40 |  | 85 |
| Operation humidity (non condensing) | \% r.h. | 0 |  | 95 |
| Pigtail length | cm | 50 |  | 100 |
| Dimensions $4 \times 4$ up to $8 \times 8$ | mm |  | $\times 18$ |  |
| Dimensions 16x16 | mm |  | x 18 |  |
| RoHS Compliance |  |  | EU | ons) |

${ }^{1}$ Insertion loss is optimized for one band. If the switch is operated over all four bands add $0.5 d B$ to IL. Band is selectable over software between 1310, 1550 nm and $1625 \mathrm{~nm} .^{2}$ Values at 1550 nm or 1310 nm at $25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, without connectors. ${ }^{3}$ It is recommended to turn off the laser during switch transients when switching optical power above $100 \mathrm{~mW} .{ }^{4}$ For constant temperature and polarization. ${ }^{5}$ Through onboard pull-up resistor.

CONNECTOR PINOUT

| Pin number | Description | Pin number | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Ground (GND) | 9 | Supply voltage $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}\right)$ |
| 2 | SMBus/I ${ }^{2}$ C SCL | 10 | Ground (GND) |
| 3 | SMBus ${ }^{2}$ C SDA | 11 | Reserved |
| 4 | System reset (/RST) | 12 | USB D- |
| 5 | UART RX data | 13 | Reserved |
| 6 | Reserved | 14 | USB D+ |
| 7 | UART TX data | 15 | Reserved |
| 8 | Reserved | 16 | Reserved |

## FUNCTIONAL BLOC DIAGRAM



DIMENSIONS SCBU 1xN / 2xN (IN MILLIMETERS)


DIMENSIONS SCBU 4x4 / 8x8 (IN MILLIMETERS)


DIMENSIONS SCBU 16x16 (IN MILLIMETERS)


## INSERTION LOSS vs. TEMPERATURE (SCBU 1x8)



## WAVELENGTH DEPENDENT LOSS (SCBU 1x4)



OPTICAL RESPONSE TIME


CONTINUOUS SWITCH OPERATION


